

MEDICAL DEVICE REGULATION

CLASSIFICATION OF MEDICAL DEVICES



Medical device classification system is used to assess potential risks associated with the medical device and to decide the regulatory pathway to ensure quality standards are met.



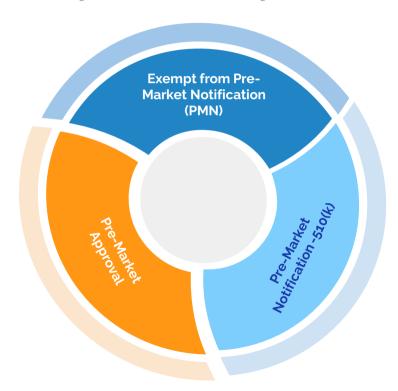
Device Classifications

Class I	Class II	Class III
General controls applicable.	General and special controls applicable.	General controls applicable.
Low risk medical devices.	Moderate risk medical devices.	Pre-Market Approval (PMA) required.
		High risk medical devices.
		Clinical trials needed.

REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS



FDA Regulatory Pathways





Regulatory Paths

	Exempt from PMN	510(k)	РМА
Class I	✓	√	
Class II	✓	√	
Class III			✓



Class I Medical Devices

Most class I devices are exempt from pre-market notification.

e.g.: Elastic bandage, dental protector

Some class I devices need 510(k).

e.g.: latex patient examination glove, shunt connector



Class II Medical Devices

▶ Pre-market notification 510(k) required.

e.g.: Surgical face mask, short term spinal needle

Some class II devices are exempt from 510(k).

e.g.: Oscillometer, ECG electrode



Class III Medical Devices

- ▶ PMA is required for class III devices.
 - e.g.: Pulmonary valve, high frequency ventilator
- ▶ To prove safety and effectiveness of the device:
 - Clinical data needed
 - Non-clinical testing required

MARKETING MEDICAL DEVICES IN U.S.A



Establishment registration

Manufacturer's of medical devices are required to register their establishment with FDA annually.

Device listing

▶ The generic name or classification name of the medical device must be listed.



Marketing 510(k) Exempt Devices

- Establishment registration and device listing required.
- Regulatory requirements to be fulfilled:
 - GMP's (unless exempted)
 - Labeling
 - Corrections and removals



Marketing 510(k) Devices

The following requirements should be met:

- Submission of pre-market notification application

GOOD MANUFACTURING PRACTICE (GMP)



What is GMP?

Quality system regulations for medical devices are based on Good Manufacturing Practices.

□ GMP is outlined in 21 CFR Part 820.



Quality System Regulations

- ≥ 21 CFR Part 820 establishes:
 - The quality system requirements
 - Quality procedures like
 - Design controls
 - CAPA process
 - Quality assurance
 - Quality control activities
 - Document controls

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What is GMP Exempt?

- Some class I and class II devices are exempt from medical device GMP's.
- ➤ The general requirements concerning records and compliant files must be fulfilled.
- ▶ For example, elastic bandage, cast bandage etc. are exempt from GMP.



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